



M5A1 Outline

GLOBAL FOOD CRISIS OUTLINE

Thesis statement: Global food crisis is a sum total of a myriad of factors including erratic climate and weather pattern's poor agricultural practices, as well as governmental and non-governmental policies and influences. However, the severity of the crisis can be mitigated through the implementation of comprehensive global initiatives and programs.

- This presentation will highlight the food problem in a global perspective, while presenting the causes, mitigation, and future directions.
- The global food crisis is primarily a consequence of human activities; therefore, the solution to the current issue can be derived from the combined human efforts across the world.

I. Global Food Crisis

- a. Introduction
- **b.** Problem statement
- c. Hunger representation in a global perspective

II. Climate change

- a. Impacts of climate change on food production
- **b.** Desertification, climate change, and loss of crop yields (biodiversity).

III. Agricultural practices' contribution towards the global food crisis

a. Focus should be on high yield foods that can feed all



 Agricultural technologies should be used in order to increase food production

IV. Governmental and non-governmental policies and influences

- a. Governmental policies and influences
- b. Non-governmental organizations' impacts on food insecurity

V. The economic impacts of globalization and urbanization on food insecurity

- a. Economic impacts of globalization
 - I. Widening gap between the poor and the rich
 - II. Production of high priced foods instead of foods the can sustain all
 - III. Global fuel prices have a direct impact on the food prices
- **b.** Urbanization impacts on food security
 - I. Food must undergo numerous processes before reaching the final consumer
 - II. Increased price and reduced production

VI. Enabling factors of global food crisis

- a. Over-reliance on global food aid agencies
- b. Changes in population dynamics

VII. Inferences

- a. Changes in economy impact the lower classes' ability to buy food
- **b.** Dependence on global aid programs causes governments to ignore the development of food sustainability initiatives
- c. Agriculture suffers from low budgetary allocations and funding

VIII. Conclusion



- a. Food insecurity is a threat to millions of lives
- **b.** Effective communication of the diverse population needs to various governments and non-governmental organizations is critical to food security.
- **c.** Reduction and mitigation of climate change causal factors is essential to global food security.

References

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